MEMORANDUM 2020-008

DATE:

December 23, 2019

TO:

All Soil and Water Conservation Districts

FROM:

Colleen Meredith, Director

Soil and Water Conservation Program

SUBJECT:

Memorandum of Agreement

Attached is an updated Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) (formerly Cooperative Working Agreement). A presentation on the MOA was provided by the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) during the Missouri Association of Soil and Water Conservation Districts Area Meetings in August 2019. Districts were asked to provide comments to this document after their Area Meetings through September 13, 2019. Feedback from partners was incorporated in the final version. The Soil and Water Districts Commission approved and signed the Memorandum of Agreement along with NRCS and the Department at their December 2, 2019 meeting.

Each district will be receiving a letter with a copy of the MOA specific to your district that includes signatures from NRCS, the Commission, and the Department, and actions needed to obtain the final signature from your board of supervisors. Please complete the steps in the letter as soon as possible, with a deadline of January 31, 2020 to finalize the agreement.

Thank you for being a member in this very important partnership. If you have any questions regarding this agreement, please contact your district coordinator. Thank you.

CM:ts

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service AND

State of Missouri, [INSERT COUNTY NAME] County Soil and Water Conservation District, AND

Missouri Department of Natural Resources AND

Soil and Water Districts Commission

I. PURPOSE

This Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) is entered into between the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (hereafter referred to as NRCS), the [INSERT COUNTY NAME] County Soil and Water Conservation District, the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, and the Soil and Water Districts Commission.

The NRCS, [INSERT COUNTY NAME] County Soil and Water Conservation District, the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, and the Soil and Water Districts Commission (referred to jointly as the Parties) have common objectives of delivering technical and financial assistance to farmers, ranchers, forest stewards, and other entities to voluntarily protect, restore, and enhance the productivity of American agricultural lands. The Parties recognize the importance of natural resources, the wise use and management of these natural resources, and, as appropriate, the protection and/or development of these natural resources. This agreement is made and entered into with the objectives of:

- A. Continuing to support the delivery of excellent and innovative customer service;
- B. Recognizing conservation planning as foundational to our work, and working together to meet the conservation planning assistance needs of our cooperators/customers;
- C. Strengthening and modernizing conservation delivery to optimize efficiency and effectiveness;
- D. Broadening our outreach to existing and new customers and partners;
- E. Supporting science-based decision making as close to the resource issue/opportunity as possible;
- F. Encouraging a voluntary approach as the primary means of accomplishing conservation goals; and
- G. Using sound approaches to strengthen each Party and its role in the delivery of soil, water, and related natural resource conservation across the nation.

II. BACKGROUND

The NRCS, [INSERT COUNTY NAME] County Soil and Water Conservation District, the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, and the Soil and Water Districts Commission share a rich history of collaborating to deliver comprehensive technical and financial assistance to farmers, ranchers, forest stewards, and other entities to voluntarily protect, restore, and enhance natural resources.

The Soil Conservation Service was established in 1935 (renamed NRCS in 1994 to reflect its broader conservation mission). NRCS is committed to "helping people help the land." It provides assistance and resources for conservation practices that improve water and air quality, prevent erosion, restore wetlands, and enhance wildlife. NRCS's approach to mission delivery and customer service is deeply rooted in the notion that locally-led, voluntary efforts yield the most effective and productive outcomes. Locally-led

conservation is the principle that farmers, ranchers, and forest stewards know their lands better than anyone else based on their personal knowledge and experience with those lands. As such, they are best positioned to make optimal decisions for the benefit of their operations, its natural resource conditions, and their communities.

The first Conservation District was established in 1937 to provide local leadership in natural resources management. Conservation Districts serve as the link between federal, state, and local resources with farmers, ranchers, and forest stewards. They are responsible for promoting and carrying out their conservation programs by assisting communities and its members develop, apply, and maintain appropriate conservation practices and resource management systems. They are authorized to provide broad area planning and implementation assistance to units of government. They are a focal point for coordinating and delivering technical assistance and funding to their respective communities.

III. STATEMENT OF MUTUAL BENEFIT

In conjunction with the NRCS, the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, the Soil and Water Districts Commission, the [INSERT COUNTY NAME] County Soil and Water Conservation District coordinates and implements locally led conservation plans because of their connections to Federal, State, Tribal, and local governments; private resources; and the public. The Parties agree to facilitate cooperation, collaboration, and agreement between agencies, landowners, and other stakeholders; develop comprehensive conservation plans; and bring those plans to the attention of landowners and others within the district.

In addition, the Parties recognize the importance of working together to broaden strategic assessment and planning authority under state statute and the Soil and Water Resources Conservation Act of 1977 for the conservation, protection, and enhancement of soil, water, and related natural resources. The Parties further recognize that natural resources are finite and under increasing pressure from a variety of impacts. Soil, water, air, plants, animals, and energy are all addressed under the programs, initiatives, and partnership efforts of the Parties.

In order to deliver the necessary technical and financial assistance to enable locally-led, voluntary conservation, the Parties agree to adhere to the principles, roles, and responsibilities outlined in this Section of the MOA. This MOA does not affect or modify existing regulations or agency responsibilities and authorities. Moreover, this MOA does not commit any party to activities beyond the scope of its respective mission and statutory authorities.

A. Locally-Led, Voluntary Conservation

The Parties agree that locally-led, voluntary conservation must be driven by natural resource conservation needs, rather than by programs. Its primary focus is to identify natural resource concerns, along with related economic and social concerns. Locally-led conservation consists of a series of activities and phases that involve community stakeholders in natural resource planning, implementation of solutions, and evaluation of results:

1. The Soil and Water Conservation District shall:

- a. Assist NRCS in promoting USDA programs by participating in outreach and community education activities.
- b. Advocate for a strong natural resource conservation program by keeping appropriate boards, landowners, legislators, county commissioners, and other key stakeholders apprised of conservation activities within the district.

- c. Assist NRCS with leading the USDA local working group, as chartered under the State Technical Committee and authorized by 7 CFR 610, Part C, to encourage public participation.
 - i. Encourage diverse participation in local working groups through community outreach and education, to include stakeholders from historically underserved community.
 - ii. Open local working group meetings to the public and advertise notification of meetings in one or more newspapers, including Tribal publications.
 - iii. Develop the agenda and associated materials/information for local working groups and distribute at least 14 calendar days prior to the meeting.
 - iv. Develop and file local working group meeting records within 30 calendar days of the meetings at the local NRCS office.
 - v. Adhere to local working group responsibilities and standard operating procedures, as documented in NRCS policy (Title 440, Conservation Programs Manual).
- d. Use a conservation needs assessment or established planning process to obtain broad-based community participation for the delivery of conservation programs. The process will be in accordance with NRCS and Soil and Water Districts Commission policy and procedures. The process will also include long-range planning and a comprehensive evaluation of the district's natural resource base.
- e. Recommend local natural resource priorities and criteria for NRCS conservation activities and programs based on the conservation needs assessment and public input.
- f. Identify NRCS program resources, develop and implement conservation plans and natural resource systems, and evaluate/measure the technical and community impacts of solutions.
- g. Update NRCS on activities of local and state advisory committees and community groups attended by Conservation District board members and staff.
- h. Cooperate and collaborate across conservation districts, as appropriate and as permitted by state statute.

2. NRCS shall:

- a. Support outreach activities and ensure the parties are kept informed of NRCS activities and programs on at least a monthly basis. This includes bringing technical and financial assistance opportunities (including matching fund strategies) to the attention of the Conservation District.
- b. Work cooperatively to solicit and leverage community recommendations to inform priorities that guide the delivery of NRCS conservation programs.
 - Designate an NRCS representative to participate in Conservation District meetings and events, including local working group meetings. Alternatively, NRCS will chair the local working group should the Conservation District be unable or unwilling to.
 - ii. Develop and transmit written notifications to the local working group members as to the decisions made in response to their recommendations within 90 days.
- c. Respond to requests from the parties for technical guidance and assistance.

- d. Partner with local and Tribal agricultural, conservation, agency, and community groups where possible, to further Conservation District natural resource conservation goals and objectives.
- e. Attempt to align program priorities within the conservation district with the natural resource concerns identified by the local working group.
- f. Provide an annual summary of NRCS accomplishments to the parties.

3. Missouri Department of Natural Resources and Soil and Water Districts Commission shall:

- a. Facilitate coordination between conservation districts when appropriate.
- b. Utilize conservation districts to administer state conservation programs when appropriate.
- c. Serve on the State Technical Committee.

B. Adherence to Technical Standards

The Parties agree to the use of science-based decision-making to address local natural resource issues. Implementation of sound conservation plans and practices will strengthen each party, as well as their roles in the delivery of soil and water conservation.

1. The Soil and Water Conservation District shall:

- a. Adhere to Federal, State, Local, and Tribal laws and regulations.
- b. Adopt NRCS policies and procedures, including the NRCS Field Office Technical Guide (FOTG), and other science-based technical standards.
- c. Leverage and promote use of USDA technologies and applications, as appropriate.
- d. Assign conservation practice job approval authority to its personnel based on employee knowledge, skill, and ability level, and within applicable laws and guidelines. Obtain NRCS concurrence for job approval for practices involving USDA authorities or programs.
- e. Participate in local, state, and national opportunities for policy, program, and project development.

2. NRCS shall:

- a. Develop, update, and disseminate technical standards, policies, and procedures.
- b. Seek input and comment from communities on natural resource conservation policies and issues.
- c. Inform the Conservation District and communities when pending statutes, laws, regulations, policies, or procedures may have a significant impact on the community.
- d. Develop and provide access to USDA technologies and applications to facilitate shared standards, as appropriate.
- e. Provide job approval authority for non-NRCS employees, in accordance with NRCS policy and Federal, State, and local laws, regulations and codes.
- f. Provide conservation planning certifications for non-NRCS employees in accordance with the NRCS policy and Federal, State, and local laws, regulations and codes.

- g. Create and promote opportunities for the Conservation District board members and staff to participate in policy, program, and project development.
- h. Provide technical or other training for conservation partnership employees in conjunction with its own training, or as separate events. Training must be consistent with and support of NRCS's mission objectives. As such, the principle emphasis will be on the support and delivery of field-based conservation technical assistance.

3. Missouri Department of Natural Resources and Soil and Water Districts Commission shall:

- a. Adhere to Federal, State, Local, and Tribal laws and regulations.
- b. Adopt NRCS policies and procedures, including the NRCS Field Office Technical Guide (FOTG), and other science-based technical standards.
- c. Leverage and promote use of USDA technologies and applications, as appropriate.
- d. Assure state statutes and regulations are observed by all parties.

C. Data and Information Sharing

- 1. Any information furnished to NRCS under this agreement is subject to the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552).
- 2. Activities performed under this agreement may involve access to confidential and potentially sensitive information about governmental and landowner issues. The term "confidential information" means proprietary information or data of a personal nature about an individual, or information or data submitted by or pertaining to an organization. This information must not be disclosed without the prior written consent of NRCS.
- 3. Conservation District personnel will follow the rules and procedures of disclosure set forth in the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. Section 552a, and implementing regulations and policies with respect to systems of records determined to be subject to the Privacy Act. The Partner's personnel must also comply with privacy of personal information relating to natural resources conservation programs in accordance with section 1244 of Title II of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-171).
- 4. See Appendix A, "ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF REQUIREMENTS FOR PROTECTION OF PRIVACY OF PERSONAL AND GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION RELATING TO NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE PROGRAMS." The signatory agrees to abide by these requirements as a condition of receiving access to such information.

IV. GENERAL PROVISIONS

A. Period of Performance

This MOA takes effect upon the signature of the Parties and shall remain in effect until mutually modified or terminated.

B. Amendments

1. This MOA may be extended or amended upon written request of either Party and the subsequent written concurrence of the other. Any of the parties may terminate this MOA with a 60-day written notice to the others.

2. This state-level MOA may be supplemented by a local-level MOA, if desired and mutually agreed to by the parties. Local-level MOAs reflect locally developed detailed working arrangements, to include NRCS's and Conservation District's Annual Workplan and/or Plan of Operations. These may include, but are not limited to, documenting specific objectives or goals, action items, provision for documentation of accomplishments, schedule of planned events, and assignment of responsibilities.

C. Transfer of Funding or Non-Monetary Resources

- 1. This MOA is established to document the collaborative relationship between the Parties. Nothing in this MOA shall require either Party to obligate or transfer funding, or anything of value. This may include, but is not limited to:
 - a. Office spaces and equipment/supplies
 - b. Vehicles and associated expenses (e.g., fuel, maintenance)
 - c. Computers, software, and technical equipment
- 2. The transfer of funding or other resources of value among the Parties offices requires execution of a separate agreement. The appropriate instruments include:
 - a. Cooperative Agreement (2 CFR 200.24), which allows federal agencies to transfer a thing of value to the State, local or Tribal government, or other recipient to carry out a public purpose of support authorized by law of the United States.
 - i. An Unfunded Cooperative Agreement (UCA) will be developed between NRCS and each Soil and Water Conservation District. The UCA will be specific to the needs, resources, and equipment of each SWCD and identify sharing of nonmonetary resources.
 - b. Contribution Agreement (7 CFR 6962a), which is a unique statutory authority allowing NRCS to enter into an agreement with a non-federal entity that shares a mutual purpose in carrying out NRCS programs. All parties must contribute resources to the accomplishment of these objectives.
 - c. Reimbursable Agreement (31 USC 686; PL 90-577), which allows federal agencies to provide specialized or technical services to State and local governments.

D. Other

- 1. This MOA is not intended to, and does not create any right, benefit, or trust responsibility, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or equity, by any party against the United States, its agencies, its officers, or any person.
- 2. The parties and their respective agencies and offices will handle their own activities and utilize their own resources, including the expenditure of their own funds, in pursuing these objectives. Each party will carry out its separate activities in a coordinated and mutually beneficial manner.
- 3. All activities and programs conducted under this MOA shall be in compliance with the nondiscrimination provisions contained in Titles VI and VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended; Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987 (Public Law 100-250); and other nondiscrimination statutes; namely, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title IX of the Education Amendment of 1972, and the Age Discrimination Act of 1975. Also, they will be in accordance with regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture (7 CFR Part 15, subpart A), which provide that no person in the United State shall on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits

- of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under any program or activity of an applicant or recipient receiving federal financial assistance from the Department of Agriculture or any Agency thereof.
- 4. All activities conducted under this MOA shall follow the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 (Public Law 100-690, Title V, Subtitle D).
- 5. Contacts for each Party for administrative or technical concerns are listed below:

| Natural Resources Conservation Service | [INSERT COUNTY NAME] County Soil and Water Conservation District |
|---|--|
| J.R. Flores State Conservationist Parkade Center, Suite 250 601 Business Loop 70 West Columbia, Missouri 65203-2546 | Chairman [INSERT COUNTY NAME] County Soil and Water District [INSERT ADDRESS] |
| Missouri Department of Natural Resources | Soil and Water Districts Commission |
| Dru Buntin Acting Director P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 | Gary Vandiver Chairman Soil and Water Districts Commission P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 |

V. SIGNATURES

USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service

| | Date: |
|---|----------------------|
| J.R. Flores, State Conservationist | |
| [INSERT COUNTY NAME] County Soil and Water Co | onservation District |
| | Date: |
| Chairman | |
| Soil and Water Districts Commission | |
| | Date: |
| Gary Vandiver, Chairman | |
| Missouri Department of Natural Resources | |
| | Date: |
| Dru Buntin, Acting Director | |

APPENDIX A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF REQUIREMENTS FOR PROTECTION OF PRIVACY OF PERSONAL AND GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION RELATING TO NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE PROGRAMS

I. Purpose and Background

The purpose of this Acknowledgment of Section 1619 compliance (hereinafter, "Acknowledgment") is to require acknowledgment by [INSERT COUNTY NAME] County Soil and Water Conservation District, the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, and the Soil and Water Districts Commission (hereinafter, the "Conservation Cooperators") of the requirements of 7 USC 8791 (Section 1619 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (the 2008 Farm Bill)), which prohibits disclosure of certain information by the Department of Agriculture (USDA) and its cooperators. The Conservation Cooperators assist USDA in the delivery of conservation-related services (for example, services that sustain agricultural productivity, improve environmental quality, reduce soil erosion, enhance water supplies, improve water quality, increase wildlife habitat, and reduce damages caused by floods and other natural disasters) or with monitoring, assessing, or evaluating of conservation benefits from USDA conservation programs under a Federal agreement. Those individuals or organizations (governmental or nongovernmental) that assist USDA with providing conservation-related services are known as Conservation Cooperators.

II. NRCS Conservation Cooperator

As a Conservation Cooperator, the Conservation Cooperators are authorized access to otherwise-protected agricultural information. Such protected information must be strictly limited to only that information necessary for the Conservation Cooperators to provide conservation related services or to perform monitoring, assessing, or evaluating of conservation benefits (as specified in the agreement between NRCS and the Conservation Cooperators). Disclosure to the Conservation Cooperators can include receiving the protected information either 1) directly from USDA; 2) directly from the producer or owner as part of the process required to enable a producer or owner to participate in a USDA program; or 3) in another manner with the producer's permission.

III. Section 1619 of the 2008 Farm Bill

Section 1619 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 hereinafter, "section 1619" provides that USDA, or any "contractor or cooperator" of USDA, "shall not disclose—(A) information provided by an agricultural producer or owner of agricultural land concerning the agricultural operation, farming or conservation practices, or the land itself, in order to participate in the programs of the Department; or (B) geospatial information otherwise maintained by the Secretary about agricultural land or operations for which information described in subparagraph (A) is provided." USDA may disclose protected information to a USDA cooperator when such cooperator is "providing technical or financial assistance with respect to the agricultural operation, agricultural land, or farming or conservation practices" if USDA determines that the protected information will not be subsequently disclosed, except in accordance with the exceptions contained in Section 1619. The Conservation Cooperator is a "contractor or cooperator" of USDA within the meaning of Section 1619. Accordingly, the Conservation Cooperators may not subsequently disclose any information protected by section 1619. By entering the agreement that references this Acknowledgement, the Conservation Cooperators are certifying future compliance with the statutory obligations under Section 1619.

IV. Responsibilities

A. The Conservation Cooperators certify that:

- 1. It acknowledges and understands that each Conservation Cooperator is legally bound by Federal statute to comply with the provisions of Section 1619 and that each Conservation Cooperator will not subsequently disclose information protected by section 1619 to any individual or organization that is not directly covered by this Acknowledgment. Any such subsequent disclosure of the protected information (except as permitted under Section 1619) will be considered a violation of Section 1619. Each Conservation Cooperator will be held responsible should disclosure of the protected information occur.
- 2. Acceptance of the agreement referencing this Acknowledgment legally binds every owner, manager, supervisor, employee, contractor, agent, and representative of each Conservation Cooperator to comply with the provisions in Section 1619. Each Conservation Cooperator must consult with USDA prior to providing protected information to an entity or individual outside of the Conservation Cooperator and as necessary to implement the program to ensure that such release is permissible.
- 3. Each Conservation Cooperator will use the protected information only to perform work that is directly connected to conservation related services or perform monitoring, assessing, or evaluating conservation benefits, as specified in the agreement between NRCS and each Conservation Cooperator (hereinafter, "the Work"). Use of the protected information to perform work that is not directly connected to the Work is expressly prohibited.
- 4. Each Conservation Cooperator must internally restrict access to the protected information to only those individuals who have a demonstrated need to know the protected information in order to perform the Work.
- 5. The provisions in Section 1619 are continuing obligations. Even when each Conservation Cooperator is no longer a Conservation Cooperator, or when individuals currently affiliated with the Conservation Cooperator become no longer so affiliated, every person having been provided access to the protected information will continue to be legally bound to comply with the provisions of this Acknowledgment.
- 6. Each Conservation Cooperator must notify all managers, supervisors, employees, contractors, agents, and representatives about this Acknowledgment and the requirements of Section 1619. For the duration of this Acknowledgment, notifications about the existence of this Acknowledgment must be made to those individuals who are new to the organization and periodic notifications must be sent throughout the organization (as well as to all contractors and agents) to remind all about the ongoing and continuing requirements.
- 7. When each Conservation Cooperator is unsure whether particular information is covered or protected by Section 1619, each Conservation Cooperator must consult with USDA to determine whether the information must be withheld.
- 8. This Acknowledgment is nontransferable and may not be bought, sold, traded, assigned, extended to, or given free of charge to any other individual or organization not directly covered by this Acknowledgment.
- 9. Use of the protected information for any purpose is expressly prohibited when an individual or organization is no longer a Conservation Cooperator. When each Conservation Cooperator is no longer a Conservation Cooperator, any protected information provided under this Acknowledgment must be immediately destroyed or returned to USDA. Each Conservation Cooperator must provide to USDA written certification that the protected information (paper copy, electronic copy, or both) has been properly destroyed, removed from any electronic storage media, or both.

10. The State's "sunshine law," "open records act" or other version of the Freedom of Information Act is superseded by section 1619 under the Supremacy Clause of the U.S. Constitution. Accordingly, information protected from disclosure by section 1619 must not be released under such State laws.

V. Protected Information

- A. An example of the type of information prohibited by disclosure under Section 1619 includes, but is **not limited to**, the following:
 - 1. State identification and county number (where reported and where located).
 - 2. Producer or landowner name, business full address, phone number, Social Security Number, and similar personal identifying information.
 - 3. Farm, tract, field, and contract numbers.
 - 4. Production shares and share of acres for each Farm Serial Number (FSN) field.
 - 5. Acreage information, including crop codes.
 - 6. All attributes for Common Land Units (CLUs) in USDA's Geospatial Information System
 - 7. Any photographic, map, or geospatial data that, when combined with other maps, can be used to identify a landowner.
 - 8. Location of conservation practices.
- B. Section 1619 allows disclosure of "payment information (including payment information and the names and addresses of recipients of payments) under any Department program *that is otherwise authorized by law*" (emphasis added). The names and payment information of producers generally may be provided to the public; however, each Conservation Cooperator shall consult with USDA if there is any uncertainty as to the provision of such information.
- C. Section 1619 also allows disclosure of otherwise protected information if "the information has been transformed into a statistical or aggregate form without naming any—(i) individual owner, operator, or producer; or (ii) specific data gathering cite." Each Conservation Cooperator must consult with USDA as to whether specific information falls within this exception prior to relying on this exception.

VI. Violations

Each Conservation Cooperator will be held responsible for violations of this Acknowledgment and Section 1619. A violation of this Acknowledgment by each Conservation Cooperator may result in action by USDA, including termination of the underlying Federal agreement.

VII. Effective Period

This Acknowledgment will be in effect on the date of the final signature of the underlying agreement and continues until USDA notifies each Conservation Cooperator that the Acknowledgment is no longer required based on changes in applicable Federal law.