

Woodland Erosion

Woodland erosion is addressed by excluding livestock from woodland areas, and by developing a plan for harvesting trees in an appropriate manner to protect soil integrity and water quality. Funds are also available to address damage caused by improper harvest of trees.

Eligible Conservation Practices

C100 Timber Harvest Plan is an incentive paid to a cooperator for obtaining and following a timber harvest plan. Timber harvest plans help to optimize yield and quality of forests while maintaining stand life and species composition.

DFR 04 Forest Plantation encourages the conversion of marginal soils to less intensive use. Cost share is available for site preparation, tree plantation, seeding and other components needed to establish a new forest. This protects soil and improves water quality.



N655: Restoration of Skid Trails, Logging Roads, Stream Crossings and Log Landings



DFR-04 Forest Plantation



N472 The **livestock exclusion practice** is used to fence livestock out of existing ponds, woodlands, sinkholes, streams or sensitive areas where vegetation, soil condition and water quality are in need of protection from livestock. Cost-share is provided for species appropriate exclusion fencing.

N655 Restoration of Skid Trails, Logging Roads, Stream Crossings and Log Landings helps to control gully erosion in these areas when they have been improperly constructed during a timber harvest. Cost-share is available for establishing vegetation on these disturbed areas.